

ID Geography is

1 1. The study of land masses.

1 2. Understanding the environment.

1 3. Learning about people who live in different locations.

1 4. Learning about different climates and the agriculture that exists there.

2 1. Absolute or physical.

2 2. Studies the interactions of people in comparison to where they live.

2 3. It's the study of the world, from countries to weather and terrain.

2 4. Geography is such a broad topic because there is so much involved.

3 1. The study of the earth's composition

3 2. The study of how things have come to exist

3 3. the study of how and why things form and form where they do

3 4. The study of the earth and its movements

4 1. Geography is the study of human behavior and its effect on the environment.

4 2. It is also examining how environment shapes culture around the world.

4 3. Geographers study climates and water locations and how those influence population.

4 4. Geography tells us how we can improve and conserve our surroundings.

5 1. Geography is the study of the land.

5 2. Geography tells us about how people interact with the land that they live on.

5 3. We study the different imports and exports of countries.

5 4. Geography helps us to identify where places are located.

6 1. Geography is the study of the land and its cultures.

6 2. Geography is about how people interact with the land.

6 3. Geography is about natural disasters or small occurrences and how they effect cultures.

6 4. Geography is one of the main features of culture; what makes people who they are.

7 1. The study of places and the people that occupy them.

7 2. The study of where things are located.

7 3. The interactions of people, places, and climate

7 4. The study of locations

8	1. The study of location-who, what, when, where
8	2. The study of land formations-past, present, future
8	3. A look into people- population- why they live where they live
8	4. A study of earth-natural disasters, foundations, life
9	1) a map
9	2) a place/ world
9	3) water
9	4. land
10	1. Geography is the world, maps, history, people and places.
10	2. Geography is analyzing the earth and its surroundings.
10	3. Geography is features, population etc. that connects with a general idea of how things work.
10	4. Geography is knowing where to go and the process as to how to get there.
11	1. different places around the world
11	2. physical features of places
11	3. natural things that effect where people live or what they do there
11	4. natural disasters
12	1. Geography is the study of nature.
12	2. Geography is the study of past events, including both human and animal, to predict happenings in the future.
12	3. Geography is the study of human habits that affect the environment.
12	4. Geography is the study of the environment to better human life.
13	1. Geography is the study of the world and its place in that world.
13	2. It helps people learn what state goes where, where cultures belong, and how to learn more about them.
13	3. Geography is about maps, people, natural disasters, and nature.
13	4. Geography is involves science, math, and history.
14	1. the study of maps.
14	2. the study of the distribution of people.
14	3. an ongoing science.
14	4. the study of objects on Earth.

15	1. studying patterns specific to an area.
15	2. studying the effects of natural disasters on specific places.
15	3. looking at regions and identifying conflicts and reasons for conflicts within the region.
15	4. studying locations, climates, populations, etc.
16	1. The study of the earth.
16	2. How people interact with the earth.
16	3. The history of the earth.
16	4. A study of culture.
17	1. The study of the earth's physical features and environment
17	2. The study of locations on the earth
17	3. The study of culture
17	4. The study of spatial interaction, behavior and analysis
18	1. A science.
18	2. The weather and how and why it changes.
18	3. The earth and how and why it is shaped the way it is.
18	4. Why we have rain, snow, tornados, hurricanes etc.
19	1. The study of physical places in the world.
19	2. The study of climates in the world.
19	3. The study of countries in relation to one another.
19	4. The study of people around the world.
20	1. Geography is the study of the earth and its features and of the distribution of life on the earth, including human life and the effects of human activity.
20	2. Geography is physical characteristics, especially the surface features.
20	3. Geography is the social aspects of a land.
20	4. Geography is an exploration of the human and natural world.
21	1. Geography is the study of maps
21	2. Geography is the study of land
21	3. Geography is the study of how people relocate
21	4. Geography is the study of people

22	1. The studies of states, countries, and places.
22	2. A deeper look at lands, climates, and locations.
22	3. More physical features such as mountains, rivers, and lakes.
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23	Geography is the stuffy of people and places.
23	Geography ties people's cultures and lifestyles into their homeland.
23	Geography explains why certain things occur in nature such as why there is wind, rain, hurricanes, tornadoes, and other natural disasters.
23	Geography is maps.
24	the study of landforms.
24	the study of the earth and how it has changed.
24	the study of how whether has affected the earth and its landforms.
24	the study of how places and landmarks were named.
25	1. Studying people.
25	2. Studying the land.
25	3. Studying and understanding different types of maps.
25	4. Understanding why the world is the way it is.
26	1. a mix of many different subjects.
26	2. a study of our natural environment.
26	3. the study of cultures.
26	4. the study of where and why people interact.
27	1. the study of land
27	2. the study of climate
27	3. the description of the earths surface
27	4. Interaction of people/cultures and the land
28	1. comparing one place to another place.
28	2. the study of physical characteristics of geographical places.
28	3. practical for using maps or directions to get from one place to another.
28	4. very important to everyday life and the survival of humans.

29	1. Geography is knowing where countries are.
29	2. Geography gives us the ability to know how to get to one place to another.
29	3. Geography allows us to know about a country.
29	4. Geography is the longitude and latitude, map scales, and time.
30	1. the study of how people and things interact with the world.
30	2. the study of how cultures interact with each other.
30	3. the study of the physical aspects if the world.
30	4. important to understand how and why people interact with the abiotic and biotic factors in their environment and with each other.
31	1. The study of places, locations, and landscapes.
31	2. The study of cultures.
31	3. The study of people.
31	4. A way of examining how places/locations/landscapes, cultures, and people affect one another.